

INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

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THIEN LONG GROUP CORPORATION

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Enterprise	registration
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certificate

No. 0301464830 dated 14 March 2005 was initially issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City with the latest 20th amendment dated 7 June 2022.

Board of Directors

Mr. Co Gia Tho Chairman
Ms. Tran Thai Nhu Member
Ms. Co Ngan Binh Member
Ms. Co Cam Nguyet Member
Mr. Tayfun Uner Member
Mr. Pham Nguyen Tri Member
Mr. Nguyen Dinh Tam Member

Mr. Tran Le Nguyen Mr. Huynh Van Thien Member (until 26 April 2022) Member (until 26 April 2022)

Board of Supervision

Ms. Nguyen Thi Bich Nga Ms. Ta Hong Diep Ms. Vu Thi Thanh Nga Mr. Dinh Duc Hau Head Member Member (from 26 April 2022) Member (until 26 April 2022)

Chief Executive Officer

Ms. Tran Phuong Nga

Chief Executive Officer

Legal Representative

Mr. Co Gia Tho

Chairman

Registered office

10th Floor, Sofic Tower, 10 Mai Chi Tho Street,

Thu Thiem Ward, Thu Duc City, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

Auditor

PwC (Vietnam) Limited

STATEMENT OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Statement of responsibility of the Chief Executive Officer of the Company in respect of the interim separate financial statements

The Chief Executive Officer of Thien Long Group Corporation ("the Company") is responsible for preparing the interim separate financial statements which give a true and fair view of the interim separate financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2022, and of the interim separate results of its operations and its interim separate cash flows for the six-month period then ended. In preparing these interim separate financial statements, the Chief Executive Officer is required to:

Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;

Make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and

• Prepare the separate financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the interim separate financial position of the Company and which enable interim separate financial statements to be prepared which comply with the basis of accounting set out in Note 2 to the interim separate financial statements. The Chief Executive Officer is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud or errors.

The legal representative has authorized the Chief Executive Officer of the Company to approve and sign the interim seperate financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2022 as per Power of Attorney No. 08.21/UQ-TLG dated 1 June 2021.

Approval of the interim separate financial statements

I hereby, approve the accompanying interim separate financial statements as set out on pages 5 to 43 which give a true and fair view of the interim separate financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2022, and of the interim separate results of its operations and its interim separate cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of interim separate financial statements.

Users of these interim separate financial statements of the Company should read them together with the interim consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") for the six-month period ended 30 June 2022 in order to obtain full information of the interim consolidated financial position and interim consolidated results of coperations and interim consolidated cash flows of the Group.

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> Tran Phuong Nga Chief Executive Officer Authorised by Legal Representative

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam 26 August 2022

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REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL INFORMATION TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THIEN LONG GROUP CORPORATION

We have reviewed the accompanying interim separate financial statements of Thien Long Group Corporation ("the Company") which were prepared on 30 June 2022 and approved by the Chief Executive Officer of the Company on 26 August 2022. The interim separate financial statements comprise the interim separate balance sheet as at 30 June 2022, the interim separate income statement and the interim separate cash flow statement for the six-month period then ended, and explanatory notes to the interim separate financial statements including significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 5 to 43.

Responsibility of the Chief Executive Officer

The Chief Executive Officer of the Company is responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these interim separate financial statements of Company in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on the preparation and presentation of interim separate financial statements, and for such internal control which the Chief Executive Officer determines as necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the interim separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the interim separate financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Review Engagements 2410. - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity

A review of interim separate financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the Vietnamese Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim separate financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the interim separate financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2022, its interim separate financial performance and interim separate cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of interim separate financial statements.

NO OUTEN

For and on behalf of PwC (Vietnam) Limited



Mai Viet Hung Tran Audit Practising Licence No.: 0048-2018-006-1 Authorised signatory

Report reference number: HCM12688 Ho Chi Minh City, 26 August 2022

Form B 01a - DN

INTERIM SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2022

Code	ASSETS	Note	Closing balance VND	Opening balance VND
100	CURRENT ASSETS		577,184,136,341	745,873,992,655
110 111 112	Cash and cash equivalents Cash Cash equivalents	3	196,020,244,665 140,520,244,665 55,500,000,000	179,114,297,735 99,114,297,735 80,000,000,000
120 123	Short-term investment Held-to-maturity investments	4(a)	231,000,000,000 231,000,000,000	193,999,139,200 193,999,139,200
130 131 132 135 136 137	Short-term receivables Short-term trade receivables Short-term prepayments to suppliers Short-term lending Other short-term receivables Provision for doubtful debts – short-term	5 6 7 8	98,095,986,358 87,357,459,813 10,026,198,887 - 2,999,234,902 (2,286,907,244)	311,263,642,518 276,926,619,188 19,484,681,094 5,000,000,000 13,318,442,384 (3,466,100,148)
140 141 149	Inventories Inventories Provision for decline in value of inventories	9	26,599,024,874 28,639,189,816 (2,040,164,942)	55,604,251,663 57,600,394,715 (1,996,143,052)
150 151 152 153	Other current assets Short-term prepaid expenses Value Added Tax ("VAT") deductibles Tax and other receivables from the State	10(a) 13(a) 13(a)	25,468,880,444 2,506,163,653 19,677,413,023 3,285,303,768	5,892,661,539 2,485,843,131 121,514,640 3,285,303,768
200	LONG-TERM ASSETS		1,071,871,787,745	1,069,432,132,084
210 216	Long-term receivable Other long-term receivables		2,211,467,280 2,211,467,280	758,197,328 758,197,328
220 221 222 223	Fixed assets Tangible fixed assets Historical cost Accumulated depreciation	11(a)	25,147,072,444 17,369,821,322 45,246,594,895 (27,876,773,573)	13,893,648,154 10,109,287,038 37,035,837,006 (26,926,549,968)
227 228 229	Intangible fixed assets Historical cost Accumulated amortisation	11(b)	7,777,251,122 52,748,450,315 (44,971,199,193)	3,784,361,116 46,596,552,475 (42,812,191,359)
250 251 253 254	Long-term investments Investments in subsidiaries Investments in other entities Provision for long-term investments	4(b)	1,037,741,575,656 1,048,247,215,761 37,685,000,000 (48,190,640,105)	1,049,898,362,324 1,048,247,215,761 37,685,000,000 (36,033,853,437)
260 261 262	Other long-term assets Long-term prepaid expenses Deferred income tax assets	10(b) 18	6,771,672,365 4,974,416,337 1,797,256,028	4,881,924,278 1,306,236,375 3,575,687,903
270	TOTAL ASSETS		1,649,055,924,086	1,815,306,124,739

The notes on pages 9 to 43 are an integral part of these interim separate financial statements.

Form B 01a - DN

INTERIM SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2022 (continued)

Code	RESOURCES	Note	Closing balance VND	Opening balance VND
300	LIABILITIES		190,698,844,075	353,384,070,168
310 311 312 313 314 315 319 320	Short-term liabilities Short-term trade payables Short-term advances from customers Tax and other payables to the State Payables to employees Short-term accrued expenses Other short-term payables Short-term borrowings	12 13(b) 14 15 16(a)	189,737,980,075 104,019,650,257 4,217,368,384 1,106,216,752 2,862,736,774 16,987,956,450 4,902,756,799 42,606,296,839	332,795,605,914 105,710,967,634 4,605,739,606 8,934,709,983 10,874,983,975 37,974,976,559 44,430,423,731 111,392,333,886
322 330	Bonus and welfare fund Long-term liabilities	22	13,034,997,820 960,864,000	8,871,470,540 20,588,464,254
338 342	Long-term habilities Provision for long-term liabilities	16(b) 17	960,864,000	5,169,230,754 15,419,233,500
400	OWNERS' EQUITY		1,458,357,080,011	1,461,922,054,571
410 411 411a 412 418 421 421a 421b	Capital and reserves Owners' contributed capital - Ordinary shares with voting rights Share premium Investment and development fund Undistributed earnings - Undistributed post-tax profits of previous years - Post-tax profits/(post-tax loss) of current period/year	19, 20 20 20 20 20	1,458,357,080,011 777,944,530,000 777,944,530,000 361,633,483,771 261,896,462,556 56,882,603,684 32,776,837,244 24,105,766,440	1,461,922,054,571 777,944,530,000 777,944,530,000 361,633,483,771 228,691,572,556 93,652,468,244 107,206,712,270 (13,554,244,026)
440	TOTAL RESOURCES		1,649,055,924,086	1,815,306,124,739

Dao Xuan Nam Preparer Nguyen Ngoc Nhon Chief Accountant

Tran Phuong Nga Chief Executive Officer 26 August 2022

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CÔNG TY CỔ PHÂN TẬP ĐOÀN

The notes on pages 9 to 43 are an integral part of these interim separate financial statements.

Form B 02a - DN

INTERIM SEPARATE INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Code	Note	Current period VND	Previous period VND
01 Revenue from sales of goods		440,218,811,948	714,462,913,153
02 Less deductions		(114,400,000)	(2,881,313,750)
10 Net revenue from sales of goods	24	440,104,411,948	711,581,599,403
11 Cost of goods sold	25	(350,477,645,590)	(462,533,118,233)
20 Gross profit from sales of goods		89,626,766,358	249,048,481,170
21 Financial income	26	163,575,185,466	12,337,358,534
22 Financial expenses	27	(14,072,401,589)	(4,068,112,933)
23 - Including: Interest expense	27	(1,622,093,781)	(2,461,868,777)
25 Selling expenses	28	(46,167,115,975)	(32,126,144,823)
26 General and administration expenses	29	(48,074,109,691)	(96,122,889,217)
30 Net operating profit		144,888,324,569	129,068,692,731
31 Other income		4,141,154,278	2,647,785,785
32 Other expenses		(771,116,216)	(815,306)
40 Net other income	30	3,370,038,062	2,646,970,479
Net accounting profit before tax		148,258,362,631	131,715,663,210
51 Corporate income tax ("CIT") - current	31		(24,911,321,152)
52 CIT - deferred	31	(1,778,431,875)	(1,731,283,440)
60 Net profit after tax		146,479,930,756	105,073,058,618

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Dao Xuan Nam Preparer here

Nguyen Ngoc Nhon Chief Accountant CÔNG TY
CÔ PHÂN
TẬP ĐOÀN
THIỀN LONG

Tran Phuong Nga Chief Executive Officer 26 August 2022

Form B 03a - DN

INTERIM SEPARATE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 (Indirect method)

Code		Note	Current period VND	Previous period VND
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
01	Net accounting profit before tax Adjustments for:		148,258,362,631	131,715,663,210
02	Depreciation and amortisation		4,562,317,409	24,692,887,825
03	(Reverse)/Provisions		(3,436,753,846)	182,683,833
04	Unrealised foreign exchange gains	26	(1,052,703,396)	(80,081,839)
05	Profits from investing activities		(157,561,972,360)	(11,217,058,141)
06	Interest expense	27	1,622,093,781	2,461,868,777
08	Operating (loss)/profit before changes in working ca	pital	(7,608,655,781)	147,755,963,665
09	Decrease in receivables		189,352,158,547	8,518,482,471
10	Decrease/(increase) in inventories		28,961,204,899	(53,100,727,773)
11	(Decrease)/increase in payables		(36,448,734,351)	55,757,853,753
12	Increase in prepaid expenses		(3,663,800,484)	(1,181,351,213)
14	Interest paid		(1,644,586,101)	(2,409,046,272)
15	CIT paid		_	(15,831,732,754)
17	Other payments on operating activities		(29,165,681,891)	(27,622,730,551)
20	Net cash inflows from operating activities		139,781,904,838	111,886,711,326
	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
21	Purchases of fixed assets and other long-term assets		(20,260,030,530)	(12,006,066,766)
22	Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets		655,773,998	1,852,373,280
23	Term deposits placed at banks		(231,000,000,000)	(314,499,139,200)
24	Collection of term deposits placed at banks		198,999,139,200	402,500,000,000
27	Dividends and interest received		157,586,393,753	15,190,742,755
30	Net cash inflows from investing activities		105,981,276,421	93,037,910,069
	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
33	Proceeds from borrowings		20,163,610,512	243,837,668,305
34	Repayments of borrowings		(94,118,878,313)	(215,463,876,850)
36	Dividends paid	21	(155,619,167,000)	(77,794,453,000)
40	Net cash outflows from financing activities		(229,574,434,801)	(49,420,661,545)
50	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		16,188,746,458	155,503,959,850
60	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	3	179,114,297,735	188,887,911,614
61	Effect of foreign exchange differences		717,200,472	(81,835,115)
70	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	3	196,020,244,865	344,310,036,349

Dao Xuan Nam Preparer Nguyen Ngoc Nhon Chief Accountant Tran Phuong Nga Chief Executive Officer 26 August 2022

Carpt

CÔNG TY CÔ PHÂN TẬP ĐOÀN

The notes on pages 9 to 43 are an integral part of these interim separate financial statements.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Thien Long Group Corporation (the "Company") is a joint stock company established in Socialist Republic of Vietnam pursuant to Enterprise registration certificate No. 0301464830 dated 14 March 2005 which was issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City and the 20th amendment dated 7 June 2022.

The Company's shares were listed on the Ho Chi Minh Stock Exchange ("HOSE") on 26 March 2010 with securities code ("TLG") pursuant to Decision No. 20/QD-SGDHCM dated 2 February 2010 of the HOSE.

Owners of the Company include Thien Long An Thinh Investment Corporation, NWL Cayman Holdings Ltd., a company incorporated in the United Kingdom, Mr. Co Gia Tho and other shareholders. Details of the capital contribution are presented in Note 19(b).

The Company's business sector is trading.

The principal activities are to manufacture and trade stationary products, classroom equipment, plastic teaching instruments, plastic household appliances, stamps printing, tampo (pad) printing, flexo printing and performing screen - printing and pressing on products.

The normal business cycle of the Company is 12 months.

As at end of period and beginning of period, the Company had 7 subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 4(b) – Investments. Details are as follows:

			As at beginn end of pe	_
	Principal activities	Places of incorporation and operation		% of voting rights
South Thien Long Manufacturing Trading Company Limited	Manufacturing and trading stationery	Ho Chi Minh City	100%	100%
Thien Long Long Thanh Manufacturing and Trading Company Limited	Manufacturing and trading stationery	Dong Nai Province	100%	100%
Thien Long Global Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	Trading stationery	Ho Chi Minh City	100%	100%
Tan Luc South Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	Trading stationery	Ho Chi Minh City	100%	100%
Tan Luc North Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	Trading stationery	Ha Noi City	100%	100%
Tan Luc Middle Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	Trading stationery	Da Nang City	100%	100%
Flexoffice Pte. Ltd	Trading stationery	Singapore	100%	100%

As at end of period, the Company had 105 employees (as at beginning of period: 1,098 employees).

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of interim separate financial statements

The interim separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of interim separate financial statements. The interim separate financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The accompanying interim separate financial statements are not intended to present the interim separate financial position and interim separate results of operations and interim separate cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam. The accounting principles and practices utilised in Vietnam may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam.

The interim separate financial statements in the Vietnamese language are the official interim separate statutory financial statements of the Company. The interim separate financial statements in the English language have been translated from the Vietnamese version.

Separately, the Company has also prepared interim consolidated financial statements for the Company and its subsidiaries (together, "the Group") in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of interim consolidated financial statements. In the interim consolidated financial statements, subsidiaries undertakings, which are those companies over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, have been fully consolidated.

Users of these interim separate financial statements of the Company should read them together with the interim consolidated financial statements of the Group for year ended 30 June 2022 in order to obtain full information of the interim consolidated financial position and interim consolidated results of operations and interim consolidated cash flows of the Group.

2.2 Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year is from 1 January to 31 December.

The interim separate financial statements are prepared for the six-month period from 1 January to 30 June.

2.3 Currency

The interim separate financial statements are measured and presented in Vietnamese Dong ("VND"), which is the Company's accounting currency.

In addition, the Company also uses this currency to raise financial resources and regularly collects this currency from business operations and savings.

2.4 Exchange rates

Transactions arising in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Foreign exchange differences arising from these transactions are recognised in the interim separate income statement.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the interim separate balance sheet date are respectively translated at the buying and selling exchange rates at the interim separate balance sheet date of the commercial banks with which the Company regularly trades. Foreign currencies deposited in banks at the interim separate balance sheet date are translated at the buying exchange rate of the commercial banks where the Company opens its foreign currency accounts. Foreign exchange differences arising from these translations are recognised in the interim separate income statement.

2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash at bank, demand deposits and other short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

2.6 Receivables

Receivables represent trade receivables from customers arising from sales of goods and rendering of services, non-trade receivables from others and are stated at cost. Provision for doubtful debts is made for each outstanding amount based on overdue days in payment according to the initial payment commitment (exclusive of the payment rescheduling between parties) or based on the estimated loss that may arise. Bad debts are written off when identified.

Receivables are classified into long-term and short-term receivables on the interim separate balance sheet based on the remaining period from the interim separate balance sheet date to the maturity date.

2.7 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by the weighted average method and includes all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. In the case of manufactured products, cost includes all direct expenditure and production overheads based on normal levels of operating activity. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the normal course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

The Company applies the perpetual system for inventories.

Provision is made, where necessary, for obsolete, slow-moving and defective inventory items. The difference between the provision of this period and the provision of the previous period are recognised as an increase or decrease of cost of goods sold in the period.

2.8 Financial investments

(a) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are investments which the Company has positive intention and ability to hold until maturity.

Held-to-maturity investments include term deposits and bonds for interest earning. Those investments are initially accounted for at cost. Subsequently, the Chief Executive Officer reviews all outstanding investments to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the period end.

Provision for diminution in value of held-to-maturity investments is made when there is evidence that the investment is uncollectible in whole or in part.

Held-to-maturity investments are classified into short-term and long-term held-to-maturity investments on the interim separate balance sheet based on the remaining period from the interim separate balance sheet date to the maturity date.

(b) Investments in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities whose financial and operating policies the Company has the power to govern in order to gain future benefits from their activities generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Company controls another entity.

Investments in subsidiaries are initially recorded at cost of acquisition plus other expenditure directly attributable to the investment. Subsequently, the Chief Executive Officer reviews all outstanding investments to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the period end.

(c) Investments in other entities

Investments in other entities are investments in equity instruments of other entities without controlling rights or co-controlling rights, or without significant influence over the investee. These investments are accounted for initially at cost. Subsequently, the Chief Executive Officer reviews all outstanding investments to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the period end.

(d) Provision for investments in subsidiaries and other entities

Provision for investments in subsidiaries and other entities is made when there is a diminution in value of the investments at the period end.

Provision for investments in subsidiaries is calculated based on the loss of investees.

Provision for investments in other entities is calculated based on market value if market value can be determined reliably. If market value can not be determined reliably, the provision is calculated similarly to provision for investments in subsidiaries.

Changes in the provision balance during the accounting period are recorded as an increase or decrease in financial expenses. A reversal, if any, is made only to the extent the investment is restored to its original cost.

2.9 Fixed assets

Tangible and intangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and amortisation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the fixed assets bringing them to their suitable condition for their intended use. Expenditure which is incurred subsequently and has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of fixed assets, can be capitalised as an additional historical cost. Otherwise, such expenditure is charged to the interim separate income statement when incurred.

Depreciation and amortisation

Fixed assets are depreciated and amortized using the straight-line method so as to write off the historical cost of the fixed assets over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives of each asset class are as follows:

Plant, buildings and structures	3 - 25 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 15 years
Motor vehicles	6 - 8 years
Office equipment	2 - 7 years
Molds and other fixed assets	3 - 5 years
Computer software	3 - 10 years
Copyrights, patents	3 years

Land use rights comprise of land use rights with an indefinite useful life, recorded at historical cost and not amortised.

Disposals

Gains or losses on disposals are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds with the carrying amount of the fixed assets and are recognised as income or expense in the interim separate income statement.

Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents the cost of assets in the course of installation or construction for production, rental or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined, which are recorded at cost and are comprised of such necessary costs to construct, repair and maintain, upgrade, renew or equip the projects with technologies as construction costs; costs of tools and equipment; project management expenditures; construction consulting expenditures; and capitalised borrowing costs for qualifying assets in accordance with the Company's accounting policies. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other fixed assets, commences when they are ready for their intended use.

2.10 Operating leases

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the interim separate income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

2.11 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses include short-term and long-term prepayments on the interim separate balance sheet. Prepaid expenses are recorded at historical cost and allocated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

2.12 Payables

Classifications of payables are based on their nature as follows:

- Trade accounts payable are trade payables arising from purchase of goods and services; and
- Other payables are non-trade payables, and payables not relating to purchases of goods and services.

Payables are classified as long-term and short-term payables on the interim separate balance sheet based on the remaining period from the separate balance sheet date to the maturity date.

2.13 Borrowings and borrowing costs

Borrowings include borrowings from banks.

Borrowings are classified into long-term and short-term borrowings based on their remaining terms from the separate balance sheet date to the maturity date.

Borrowing costs are recognised in the interim separate income statement when incurred.

2.14 Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses include liabilities for goods and services received in the period but not yet paid for, due to pending invoices or insufficient records and documents. Accrued expenses are recorded as expenses in the reporting period.

2.15 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provision is not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the level of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. If the time value of money is material, provision will be measured at the present value using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as a financial expense. Changes in the provision balance during the accounting period are recorded as an increase or decrease in operating expenses.

2.16 Provision for severance allowance

In accordance with Vietnamese labour laws, employees of the Company who have worked regularly for full 12 months or longer are entitled to a severance allowance. The working period used for the calculation of severance allowance is the period during which the employee actually works for the Company less the period during which the employee participates in the unemployment insurance scheme in accordance with the labour regulations and the working period for which the employee has received severance allowance from the Company.

The severance allowance is accrued at the end of the reporting period on the basis that each employee is entitled to half of an average monthly salary for each working year. The average monthly salary used for calculating the severance allowance is the employee contract's average salary for the six-month period prior to the interim separate balance sheet date.

This allowance will be paid as a lump sum when the employees terminate their labour contracts in accordance with current regulations.

2.17 Capital and reserves

Owners' capital is recorded according to the actual amounts contributed at the par value of the share.

Share premium is the difference between the par value and the issue price of shares; and the difference between the repurchase price and re-issuing price of treasury shares.

Treasury shares bought before the effective date of the Securities Law (ie. 1 January 2021) are shares issued by the Company and bought back by itself, but these are not cancelled and may be re-issued subsequently in accordance with the Law on Securities.

Treasury shares bought after 1 January 2021 will be cancelled and adjusted to reduce equity.

Undistributed earnings record the Company's accumulated results after CIT at the reporting date.

2.18 Appropriation of profit

The Company's dividends are recognised as a liability in the Company's interim separate financial statements in the period under the announcement of the Board of Directors in which the dividends are approved by the Company's General Meeting of shareholders.

Net profit after CIT could be distributed to shareholders after approval at the General Meeting of shareholders and after appropriation to other funds in accordance with the Company's charter and Vietnamese regulations.

2.18 Appropriation of profit (continued)

The Company's funds are as below:

(a) Investment and development fund

Investment and development fund is appropriated from profit after CIT of the Company and approved by shareholders at the General Meeting of Shareholders. This fund is used for expanding operation or for deepening investment of the Company.

(b) Bonus and welfare fund

Bonus and welfare fund is appropriated from the Company's profit after CIT and subject to shareholders' approval at the General Meeting of Shareholders. This fund is presented as a liability on the interim separate balance sheet and used for rewards, material incentives, bringing common benefits and raising employees' welfare.

2.19 Revenue recognition

(a) Revenue from sales of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised in the interim separate income statement when all five (5) of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or the possible return of goods.

Revenue is recognised in accordance with the "substance over form" principle and allocated to each sales obligation. If the Company gives promotional goods to customers associated with their purchases, the Company allocates the total considerations received between goods sold and promotional goods. The cost of promotional goods is recognised as cost of goods sold in the interim separate income statement.

(b) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an earned basis.

(c) Dividend income

Income from dividends is recognised when the Company has established the receiving right from investees.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.20 Sales deductions

Sales deductions include trade discounts, sales returns and sales rebates. Sales deductions incurred in the same period of the related revenue from sales of products, goods are recorded as a deduction from the revenue of that period.

Sales deductions for sales of products, goods which are sold in the period but are incurred after the interim separate balance sheet date but before the issuance of the interim separate financial statements are recorded as a deduction from the revenue of the period.

2.21 Cost of goods sold

Cost of goods sold are cost of finished goods, merchandises and materials sold during the period, and recorded on the basis of matching with revenue and on a prudent basis.

2.22 Financial expenses

Financial expenses are expenses incurred in the period for financial activities including expenses or losses relating to financial investment activities, provision for diminution in value of investments in other entities, expenses of borrowing, losses from foreign exchange differences and payment discounts.

2.23 Selling expenses

Selling expenses represent expenses that are incurred in the process of selling products and goods.

2.24 General and administration expenses

General and administration expenses represent expenses that are incurred for administrative purposes.

2.25 Current and deferred income tax

Income tax includes all income tax which is based on taxable profits. Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and deferred tax expense.

Current income tax is the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the current year taxable profits at the current year tax rates. Current and deferred tax recognised as an income or an expense and included in the profit or loss of the year, except to the extent that the tax arises from a transaction or event which is recognised, in the same or a different year, directly in equity.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the interim separate financial statements. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of occurrence affects neither the accounting nor the taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the financial year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the separate balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2.26 Related parties

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with the Company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the Company, key management personnel, including the Chief Executive Officer of the Company and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering its relationships with each related party, the Company considers the substance of the relationship, not merely the legal form.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.27 Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of interim separate financial statements in conformity with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of interim separate financial statements requires the Chief Executive Officer to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the interim separate financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period.

The areas involving significant estimates and assumptions are as follows:

- Provision for decline in value of inventories (Note 9);
- Estimated useful life of fixed assets (Note 11); and
- Estimation of provision for long-term liabilities (Note 17).

Such estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are assessed by the Chief Executive Officer to be reasonable under the circumstances.

3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Closing balance VND	Opening balance VND
Cash on hand Cash at bank Cash equivalents (*)	210,677,704 140,309,566,961 55,500,000,000	396,334,446 98,717,963,289 80,000,000,000
	196,020,244,665	179,114,297,735

(*) Cash equivalents represent bank deposits with original maturities of 3 months or less and earn interest at fixed interest rates in Vietnamese Dong.

4 FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

(a) Held-to-maturity investments

	Closing balance		Opening	balance
	Cost VND	Book value VND	Cost VND	Book value VND
Term deposits (*) Bonds	231,000,000,000	231,000,000,000	174,000,000,000 19,999,139,200	174,000,000,000 19,999,139,200
	231,000,000,000	231,000,000,000	193,999,139,200	193,999,139,200

(*) Representing term deposits at banks with maturity from 6 months to 12 months and earning interest at fixed interest rates in Vietnamese Dong.

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4 FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (continued)

(b) Long-term investments

^(*) As at end of period and beginning of period, the Company has not determined fair value of these investments to disclose on the interim separate financial statements because they do not have listed prices. The fair value of such investments may be different from their book value.

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5 SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	Closing balance VND	Opening balance VND
Third parties		
Crayola LLC	18,565,124,638	13,473,352,828
SQI Group Int'l. Corp.	16,337,569,514	9,613,749,612
LKHP Trading Services Co., Ltd.	6,498,626,938	6,043,709,012
Like Link Co., Ltd.	9,063,673,488	5,603,629,521
Others	24,939,509,298	28,203,555,039
Related parties (Note 33(b))	11,952,955,937	213,988,623,176
	87,357,459,813	276,926,619,188

As at end of period and beginning of period, balances of short-term trade accounts receivable that were past due, amounting to VND9,362,696,008 and VND7,807,309,496, respectively as presented in Note 8.

As at end of period and beginning of period, short-term trade accounts receivable of VND50,000,000,000 were pledged with banks as collateral or mortgaged assets for short-term borrowings granted to the Company (Note 16).

6 SHORT-TERM PREPAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS

	Closing balance VND	Opening balance VND
24h Interior Decoration and Design	1,131,375,561	8,065,344,411
Consultant Company Limited	3,822,000,000	3,822,000,000
Sai Gon VRG Investment Corporation	1,328,702,222	1,155,892,222
Red Carpet Company Limited	3,744,121,104	6,441,444,461
Others	10,026,198,887	19,484,681,094

7 OTHER SHORT-TERM RECEIVABLES

	Closing ba	alance	Opening ba	lance
	Book value VND	Provision VND	Book value VND	Provision VND
Interest receivables	1,547,608,220	-	1,621,332,602	-
Advances to employees Short-term deposits	1,351,068,095 26,400,000	-	1,375,695,700 10,274,643,238	-
Others	74,158,587	-	46,770,844	
	2,999,234,902	_	13,318,442,384	-

As at end of period and beginning of period, there was no balance of other short-term receivables that was past due or not past due but doubtful.

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8 PROVISION FOR DOUBTFUL DEBTS

9 INVENTORIES

alance	Provision VND	- (1,868,908,269) (103,075,708) (24,159,075) (1,996,143,052)
Opening balance	Cost	30,801,264,858 501,650,305 3,736,687,763 19,826,753,659 2,734,038,130 57,600,394,715
lance	Provision VND	(1,773,621,050) (1,773,621,050) (60,186,623) (2,040,164,942)
Closing balance	Cost	3,228,437,695 901,244,810 3,546,346,366 - 20,963,160,945 - 28,639,189,816
		Goods in transit Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods Merchandises

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9 INVENTORIES (continued)

Movements in the provision for decline in value of inventories during the period are as follows:

	Current period VND	Previous period VND
Opening balance Addition (Note 25) Reversal (Note 25)	(1,996,143,052) (253,612,233) 209,590,343	(17,254,154,499) (4,377,033,005) 3,601,664,041
Closing balance	(2,040,164,942)	(18,029,523,463)

10 PREPAID EXPENSES

(a) Short-term

	Closing balance VND	Opening balance VND
SAP system maintenance fees Health and asset insurance Others	926,076,972 487,905,729 1,092,180,952	301,522,932 2,184,320,199
	2,506,163,653	2,485,843,131

(b) Long-term

	Closing balance VND	Opening balance VND
Royalty fee Tools and supplies Others	2,876,654,293 1,945,067,602 152,694,442	1,103,375,267 202,861,108
	4,974,416,337	1,306,236,375

Movements in prepaid expenses during the period are as follows:

	Current period VND	Previous period VND
Opening balance Increase Transferred from construction in progress Transferred from fixed assets Allocation Disposals	3,792,079,506 12,633,009,008 - 24,700,000 (8,969,208,524) -	9,526,104,455 8,674,623,756 228,293,914 - (7,284,091,820) (209,180,723)
Closing balance	7,480,579,990	10,935,749,582

11 FIXED ASSETS

(a) Tangible fixed assets

Total	7,006 0,589 (4,279),000) 5,979)	4,895	.9,968 .9,575 5,970)	3,573	17,038
	37,035,837,006 3,912,790,589 6,382,224,279 (24,700,000) (2,059,556,979)	45,246,594,895	26,926,549,968 2,403,309,575 (1,453,085,970)	27,876,773,573	10,109,287,038
Others VND	1,271,422,592 2,234,069,000 6,382,224,279 -	9,242,467,467	1,111,751,457 694,402,642 (501,832,269)	1,304,321,830	7,938,145,637
Office equipment VND	1,380,813,364 1,027,500,000 - (24,700,000)	2,383,613,364	651,577,499 201,130,290	852,707,789	729,235,865
Motor vehicles VND	28,269,599,482	28,269,599,482	20,772,439,366 1,289,261,480	22,061,700,846	7,497,160,116
Machinery and equipment VND	3,448,401,568 651,221,589 - - (1,414,308,575)	2,685,314,582	2,858,187,560 164,987,324 (951,253,701)	2,071,921,183	590,214,008
Plant, buildings and structures VND	2,665,600,000	2,665,600,000	1,532,594,086 53,527,839	1,586,121,925	1,133,005,914
	Historical cost Opening balance New purchases Transfers from construction in progress Reclassification Disposals	Closing balance	Accumulated depreciation Opening balance Charge for the period Disposals	Closing balance	Net book value Opening balance Closing balance

As at end of period, the historical cost of tangible assets which were fully depreciated but still in use was VND21,394,100,799 (at beginning of period: VND11,826,907,608).

As at end of period, tangible fixed assets with a carrying value of VND1,079,478,075 (at beginning of period: VND107,055,677) were pledged with banks as collateral assets for short-term and long-term borrowings granted to the Company (Note 16).

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11 FIXED ASSETS (continued)

(b) Intangible fixed assets

	Software VND	Copyright, patents VND	Total VND
Historical cost			
Opening balance	46,229,552,475	367,000,000	46,596,552,475
New purchases	6,151,897,840	-	6,151,897,840
Closing balance	52,381,450,315	367,000,000	52,748,450,315
Accumulated amortisation			
Opening balance	42,445,191,359	367,000,000	42,812,191,359
Charge for the period	2,159,007,834	_	2,159,007,834
Closing balance	44,604,199,193	367,000,000	44,971,199,193
Net book value			
Opening balance	3,784,361,116	_	3,784,361,116
Closing balance	7,777,251,122	_	7,777,251,122
Ciconing Salaries			

As at end of period, the historical cost of intangible assets that were fully amortised but still in use was VND41,879,208,161 (as at beginning of period: VND11,550,040,432).

12 SHORT-TERM TRADE PAYABLES

	Closing	balance	Opening I	palance
		Able-to-pay		Able-to-pay
	Value	amount	Value	amount
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Third parties FPT Information System Co. Ltd - Ho Chi Minh City Branch	1,816,575,000	1,816,575,000	_	_
Khai Loc Da Nang Co., Ltd.	1,716,377,040	1,716,377,040	448,268,865	448,268,865
Others	6,210,371,563	6,210,371,563	99,047,015,438	99,047,015,438
Related parties (Note 33(b))	94,276,326,654	94,276,326,654	6,215,683,331	6,215,683,331
	104,019,650,257	104,019,650,257	105,710,967,634	105,710,967,634

As at end of period and beginning of period, there was no balance of short-term trade accounts payable that was past due.

13 TAX AND OTHER PAYABLES/RECEIVABLES TO THE STATE

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Movements in tax and other payables/receivables to the State are as follows:

Closing balance VND	19,677,413,023	22,962,716,791	1,085,217,666 20,999,086
Payment during the period VND	1 1	1	(11,936,678,141) (15,489,640,980) (494,290,816) (1,136,939,277) (29,057,549,214)
Receivable/ Payable during the period VND	19,555,898,383	19,555,898,383	4,039,530,715 15,537,774,646 515,289,902 1,136,460,720 21,229,055,983
Opening balance VND	121,514,640 3,285,303,768	3,406,818,408	7,897,147,426 1,037,084,000 - 478,557 8,934,709,983
	a) Tax receivables VAT deductibles CIT - current		b) Tax payables VAT Personal income tax Import – export duties Other taxes

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14 SHORT-TERM ACCRUED EXPENSES

	Closing balance VND	Opening balance VND
Advertising and marketing	5,350,160,508	2,461,529,952
13th & 14th month salary and performance salary Royalty fee Interest expense Others	7,959,467,000 2,614,296,030 269,712,950 794,319,962	31,378,897,000 - 292,205,270 3,842,344,337
	16,987,956,450	37,974,976,559

15 OTHER SHORT-TERM PAYABLES

	Closing balance VND	Opening balance VND
Remuneration of the Board of		
Directors and Board of Supervisors	4,424,304,000	4,400,287,355
Dividend payable	11,165,500	38,938,653,000
Union fees	407,256,345	429,541,432
Others	31,848,095	636,458,276
Related parties (Note 33(b))	28,182,859	25,483,668
	4,902,756,799	44,430,423,731

As at end of period and beginning of period, there was no balance of other short-term payables was past due.

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16 BORROWINGS

(a) Short-term

(a)	Short-term						
		Opening balance	balance	During tl	During the period	Closing balance	balance
	,	Amount	Able-to-pay amount	Increase	Decrease	Amount	Able-to-pay amount VND
	Short-term borrowings HSBC Bank (Vietnam) Limited (i)	46,871,412,464	46,871,412,464		(46,871,412,464)	1	,
	United Overseas Bank (Vietnam) Limited (ii)	12,104,224,800	12,104,224,800	I	ī	12,104,224,800	12,104,224,800
	Company Limited - Ho Chi Minh Branch (iii)	42,078,235,078	42,078,235,078	20,163,610,512	(42,078,235,078)	20,163,610,512	20,163,610,512
		101,053,872,342	101,053,872,342	20,163,610,512	(88,949,647,542)	32,267,835,312	32,267,835,312
	Current portion of long-term borrowings HSBC Bank (Vietnam) Limited (iv)	10,338,461,544	10,338,461,544	5,169,230,754	(5,169,230,771)	10,338,461,527	10,338,461,527
		111,392,333,886	111,392,333,886	25,332,841,266	(94,118,878,313)	42,606,296,839	42,606,296,839
(q)	Long-term						
		Opening balance	balance	During t	During the period	Closing	Closing balance
	1	Amount	Able-to-pay amount VND	Increase	Decrease VND	Amount	Able-to-pay amount VND
	HSBC Bank (Vietnam) Limited (v) (*)	5,169,230,754	5,169,230,754		(5,169,230,754)	ſ	1

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16 BORROWINGS (continued)

(*) Details of the long-term bank loan are as follows:

	Closing balance VND	Opening balance VND
Original debt balance Current portion	5,169,230,754 (5,169,230,754)	15,507,692,298 (10,338,461,544)
	-	5,169,230,754

- (i) Representing short-term loans from HSBC Bank (Vietnam) Limited for the purpose of supplementing working capital. The loans have terms and interest rates specified in each disbursement. The Company used receivables, buildings and structures as collateral assets for these loans (Notes 5 and 11).
- (ii) Representing short-term loans from United Overseas Bank (Vietnam) Limited for the purpose of supplementing working capital. The loans have terms and interest rates specified in each disbursement.
- (iii) Representing short-term loans from The Siam Commercial Bank Public Company Limited for the purpose of supplementing working capital. The loans have terms and interest rates specified in each disbursement. The Company used receivables as collateral assets for these loans (Note 5).
- (iv) Representing long-term loans from HSBC Bank (Vietnam) Limited for the purpose of purchasing and installing fixed assets. The loans have terms and interest rates specified in each disbursement.

17 PROVISION FOR LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Provision for long-term liabilities represents the provision for severance allowance in accordance with accounting policy presented in Note 2.16.

18 DEFERRED INCOME TAX

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxation authority. Details are as follows:

	Closing balance VND	Opening balance VND
Deferred tax assets to be recovered	1,797,256,028	3,575,687,903
Movements in the deferred income tax, tak balances within the same tax jurisdiction, during	ting into considerations the period were as	on the offsetting of follows:
	Current period VND	Previous period VND
Opening balance	3,575,687,903	8,463,260,796
Separate income statement charge (Note 31)	(1,778,431,875)	(1,731,283,440)
Closing balance	1,797,256,028	6,731,977,356
Details of deferred tax assets		
	Closing balance VND	Opening balance VND
Temporary difference of provisions	600,205,788	3,483,075,310
Temporary difference of accrued expenses	20,000,000	70,400,000
Tax losses not yet utilised Unrealised exchange rate differences of cash and receivables denominated in	1,392,513,111	
foreign currency	(215,462,871)	22,212,593
	1,797,256,028	3,575,687,903

The Company used a tax rate of 20% in the year 2022 (2021: 20%) to determine deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

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19 OWNERS' CAPITAL

(a) Number of shares

	Closing	balance	Opening	balance
	Ordinary shares	Preference shares	Ordinary shares	Preference shares
Number of shares registered	77,794,453	_	77,794,453	
Number of shares issued Number of existing shares in	77,794,453	-	77,794,453	-
circulation	77,794,453	-	77,794,453	-

(b) Details of owners' shareholding

	Closing	balance	Opening	balance
	Ordinary shares	%	Ordinary shares	%
Thien Long An Thinh				
Investment Corporation	37,350,952	48.01	37,350,952	48.01
NWL Cayman Holdings Ltd.	5,500,000	7.07	5,500,000	7.07
Mr. Co Gia Tho	4,744,605	6.10	4,744,605	6.10
Other shareholders	30,198,896	38.82	30,198,896	38.82
Number of shares issued	77,794,453	100	77,794,453	100

(c) Movement of share capital

	Number of shares in circulation VND	Ordinary shares VND	Treasury shares VND
As at 1 January 2021	77,794,453	777,944,530,000	<u> </u>
As at 31 December 2021	77,794,453	777,944,530,000	-
As at 30 June 2022	77,794,453	777,944,530,000	-

Par value per share: VND10,000.

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20 MOVEMENTS IN OWNERS' EQUITY

	Owners' capital VND	Share premium VND	Investment and development fund VND	Undistributed earnings VND	Total VND
For the six-month period ended 30 June 2021					
Opening balance Net profit for the period Appropriation to investment and development fund Appropriation to bonus and welfare fund Bonus for exceeding the budgeted profit for the Board of Management and employees Bonus for exceeding the budgeted profit for the Board of Directors Remuneration for the Board of Directors and Board of Supervision	777,944,530,000	361,633,483,771	199,910,168,556 - 28,781,404,000 -	169,895,138,945 105,073,058,618 (28,781,404,000) (23,984,503,675) (7,938,015,000) (1,984,504,000) (4,663,001,596)	1,509,383,321,272 105,073,058,618 - (23,984,503,675) (7,938,015,000) (1,984,504,000) (4,663,001,596)
Closing balance	777,944,530,000	361,633,483,771	228,691,572,556	207,616,769,292	1,575,886,355,619
For the six-month period ended 30 June 2022 Opening balance Net profit for the period Dividends declared from undistributed profit of 2021 (i) Appropriation to investment and development fund (ii) Appropriation to bonus and welfare fund (iii) (Note 22) Remuneration for the Board of Directors and Board of Supervision (iv) Closing balance	777,944,530,000	361,633,483,771	228,691,572,556	93,652,468,244 146,479,930,756 (116,691,679,500) (33,204,890,000) (27,670,741,000) (5,682,484,816) 56,882,603,684	1,461,922,054,571 146,479,930,756 (116,691,679,500) - (27,670,741,000) (5,682,484,816) 1,458,357,080,011

20 MOVEMENTS IN OWNERS' EQUITY (continued)

Pursuant to the Resolution No. 01/2022/NQ-DHDCD dated 26 April 2022 of the 2022 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, the General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company approved the distribution plan of net consolidated profits after tax of the year 2021 and 2022 as follows:

- (i) Cash dividend from the 2021 post-tax profits at the rate of 30% par value; For the first 6-month period, dividend was advanced at the rate of 15% par value.
- (ii) Appropriation to investment and development fund of VND33,204,890,000 (equivalent to 12% of post-tax profits);
- (iii) Appropriation to bonus and welfare fund of VND27,670,741,000 (equivalent to 10% of post-tax profits); and
- (iv) Remuneration for the Board of Directors and Board of Supervision of VND10,000,000,000 in 2022. For the first 6-month period, remuneration was appropriated of VND5,682,484,816.

21 DIVIDENDS

Movements of dividend payables during the period are as follows:

	Current period VND	Previous period VND
Opening balance Dividends payable during the period Dividends paid in cash	38,938,653,000 116,691,679,500 (155,619,167,000)	77,805,618,500 - (77,794,453,000)
Closing balance	11,165,500	11,165,500

22 BONUS AND WELFARE FUND

Movements of bonus and welfare fund during the period are as follows:

	Current period VND	Previous period VND
Opening balance Appropriated (Note 20) Utilised	8,871,470,540 27,670,741,000 (23,507,213,720)	5,838,669,865 31,922,518,675 (23,232,472,000)
Closing balance	13,034,997,820	14,528,716,540

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23 OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

(a) Foreign currencies

As at 30 June 2022, included in cash and cash equivalents were balances held in foreign currencies as follows:

	Closing balance	Opening balance
United States Dollar ("USD") Euro ("EUR") British Pound ("GBP") Chinese Renminbi ("RMB") Singapore Dollar ("SGD") Korean Won ("KRW") Thai Baht ("THB") Australian Dollar ("AUD")	5,021,222 60,961 1,913 10,395 1,139 240,000 5,410 110	1,298,040 44,539 1,915 10,395 1,139 240,000 5,410 110

(b) Operating lease assets

The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases were presented in Note 34.

24 NET REVENUE FROM SALES OF GOODS

	Current period VND	Previous period VND
Revenue Revenue from sales of finished goods Revenue from sales of merchandises	- 440,218,811,948	646,962,059,376 67,500,853,777
	440,218,811,948	714,462,913,153
Sales deductions Finished goods returns Merchandise returns	(114,400,000)	(2,486,262,700) (395,051,050) (2,881,313,750)
Net revenue from sales of goods Net revenue from sales of finished goods Net revenue from sales of merchandises	440,104,411,948	644,475,796,676 67,105,802,727 711,581,599,403

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25	COST OF GOODS SOLD		
		Current period VND	Previous period VND
	Cost of finished goods and merchandises sold	350,433,623,700	461,757,749,269
	Provision for decline in value of inventories (Note 9)	44,021,890	775,368,964
	,	350,477,645,590	462,533,118,233
26	FINANCIAL INCOME		
		Current period VND	Previous period VND
	Dividend income	150,217,500,000	10,500,331,800
	Interest income from deposits Realised foreign exchange gains	7,295,169,371 5,009,812,699	1,614,444,895 142,500,000
	Net gain from foreign currency translation at period-end	1,052,703,396	80,081,839
		163,575,185,466	12,337,358,534
27	FINANCIAL EXPENSES		
		Current period VND	Previous period VND
	Interest expense Realised foreign exchange losses Provision for diminution in value of investments	1,622,093,781 293,521,140 12,258,930,668	2,461,868,777 382,153,536 5,903,210,620
	Reversal of provision for diminution in value of investments	(102,144,000)	(4,679,120,000)
		14,072,401,589	4,068,112,933
28	SELLING EXPENSES		
		Current period VND	Previous period VND
	Staff costs Marketing expenses Depreciation Others	15,661,994,607 19,273,066,381 306,226,540 10,925,828,447	12,788,908,102 10,418,009,430 240,675,053 8,678,552,238
		46,167,115,975	32,126,144,823

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29	GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPEN	SES	
		Current period VND	Previous period VND
	Staff costs Outsourced services expenses Depreciation and amortisation Others	30,203,469,587 11,303,424,120 4,599,005,843 1,968,210,141	59,267,746,392 20,158,773,101 6,464,128,416 10,232,241,308
		48,074,109,691	96,122,889,217
30	NET OTHER INCOME		
		Current period VND	Previous period VND
	Other income Fee charged for using SAP system Net gains on disposal of fixed assets Rental income Income from indemnity goods Others	2,150,146,000 49,302,989 611,622,500 464,581,480 865,501,309	1,400,820,000 574,226,341 36,000,000 - 636,739,444
		4,141,154,278	2,647,785,785
	Other expenses Others	771,116,216	815,306
	Net other income	3,370,038,062	2,646,970,479

31 CORPORATE INCOME TAX ("CIT")

The CIT on the Company's accounting profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the applicable tax rate of 20% as follows:

	Current period VND	Previous period VND
Net accounting profit before tax	148,258,362,631	131,715,663,210
Adjustment: Non-taxable income Non-deductible expenses Temporary differences for which no deferred income tax has been recognised Estimated taxable income	(150,217,500,000) 10,851,296,743 	(142,500,000) 541,472,321 (501,947,401) 131,612,688,130
Tax calculated at a rate of 20%	1,778,431,875	26,322,537,627
Adjustment for under accrued CIT in previous period	-	320,066,965
CIT charge (*)	1,778,431,875	26,642,604,592
Charged to the interim separate interim income statement:		
CIT – current CIT - deferred (Note 18)	- 1,778,431,875	24,911,321,152 1,731,283,440
	1,778,431,875	26,642,604,592

^(*) The current CIT charge for the year is based on estimated taxable income and is subject to review and possible adjustments by the tax authorities.

32 COSTS OF OPERATION BY FACTORS

Costs of operation by factor represents all costs incurred during the period from the Company's operating activities, excluding cost of merchandises for trading activities. Details are as follows:

	Current period VND	Previous period VND
Raw materials Staff costs Depreciation and amortisation Outsourced service expenses Others	45,865,464,194 4,562,317,409 32,881,688,561 10,592,667,109	281,968,493,951 136,798,937,562 24,692,887,825 30,863,882,531 35,279,618,888
	93,902,137,273	509,603,820,757

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33 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Company is controlled by Thien Long An Thinh Investment Corporation which owns 48.01% of the Company's charter capital.

During the period, the Company has balances and transactions with related parties as follows:

Related party	Relationship
Thien Long An Thinh Investment Corporation	Major shareholder
South Thien Long Manufacturing Trading Company Limited	Subsidiary
Thien Long Long Thanh Manufacturing and Trading Company Limited	Subsidiary
Thien Long Global Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	Subsidiary
Tan Luc South Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	Subsidiary
Tan Luc North Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	Subsidiary
Tan Luc Middle Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	Subsidiary
Flexoffice Pte. Ltd	Subsidiary

(a) Related party transactions

During the period, the following transactions were carried out with related parties

	Current period VND	Previous period VND
i) Sales of goods		
Thien Long Long Thanh Manufacturing and Trading Company Limited	2,153,695,560	27,089,437,086
Thien Long Global Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	54,772,406,330	429,180,019,250
Tan Luc South Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	55,009,100	6,034,292,930
Tan Luc North Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	-	2,230,446,320
Tan Luc Middle Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	-	249,828,960
South Thien Long Manufacturing Trading Company Limited	57,931,400,346	-
	114,912,511,336	464,784,024,546

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33 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

(a) Related party transactions (continued)

Rel	ated party transactions (continued)		
		Current period VND	Previous period VND
ii)	Purchases of goods		
	Thien Long Long Thanh Manufacturing and Trading Company Limited	44,736,940,590	39,970,284,712
	Thien Long Global Trading and Service One Member Company Limited Trading and Service One	1,275,732,148	964,756,810
	Tan Luc South Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	214,527,806	1,814,296,524
	Tan Luc North Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	13,992,275	42,452,574
	Tan Luc Middle Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	-	3,927,720
	South Thien Long Manufacturing Trading Company Limited	230,585,193,538	<u> </u>
		276,826,386,357	42,795,718,340
iii)	Rental income		
	Thien Long Global Trading and Service One Member Company Limited Tan Luc North Trading and Service One	12,000,000	
	Tan Luc North Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	16,000,000	24,000,000
	Tan Luc Middle Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	8,000,000	12,000,000
	South Thien Long Manufacturing Trading Company Limited	480,000,000	-
		516,000,000	36,000,000

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33 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

(a) Related party transactions (continued)

Kei	ated party transactions (continued)		
		Current period VND	Previous period VND
iv)	Fee charged for using SAP system		
	Thien Long Long Thanh Manufacturing and Trading Company Limited	608,880,000	608,880,000
	Thien Long Global Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	446,514,000	446,514,000
	Tan Luc South Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	112,464,000	168,696,000
	Tan Luc North Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	48,200,000	72,300,000
	Tan Luc Middle Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	69,620,000	104,430,000
	South Thien Long Manufacturing Trading Company Limited	864,468,000	-
		2,150,146,000	1,400,820,000
v)	Disposal of fixed assets		
	Thien Long Long Thanh Manufacturing and Trading Company Limited		1,497,827,825
	South Thien Long Manufacturing Trading Company Limited	655,773,998	<u>-</u>
		655,773,998	1,497,827,825
vi)	Short-term lending		
	Tan Luc Middle Trading and Service One Member Company Limited - Repayment - Interest income	5,000,000,000 100,067,397	50,033,697
vii)	Proceeds from distributed profit		
	Thien Long Long Thanh Manufacturing and Trading Company Limited	50,000,000,000	-
	Thien Long Global Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	100,000,000,000	-
		150,000,000,000	-

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33	RE	LATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)		
(a)	Rel	ated party transactions (continued)		
			Current period VND	Previous period VND
	viii)	Dividends declared		
		Thien Long An Thinh Investment Corporation	56,026,428,000	-
	ix)	Compensation of key management		
		Gross salaries and other benefits	8,065,426,000	14,988,450,000
(b)	Ва	ances with related parties		
(b)	Ва	lances with related parties	Closing balance VND	Opening balance VND
(b)	Bai	Short-term trade accounts receivable (Note	VND	
(b)		Short-term trade accounts receivable (Note Thien Long Global Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	VND	
(b)		Short-term trade accounts receivable (Note Thien Long Global Trading and Service One Member Company Limited South Thien Long Manufacturing Trading Company Limited	VND	VND
(b)		Short-term trade accounts receivable (Note Thien Long Global Trading and Service One Member Company Limited South Thien Long Manufacturing Trading Company Limited Thien Long Long Thanh Manufacturing and Trading Company Limited	VND 5.5) 6,435,111,752	VND 136,914,314,304
(b)		Short-term trade accounts receivable (Note Thien Long Global Trading and Service One Member Company Limited South Thien Long Manufacturing Trading Company Limited Thien Long Long Thanh Manufacturing and Trading Company Limited Tan Luc South Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	VND 6,435,111,752 2,105,085,515	VND 136,914,314,304 63,503,310,229
(b)		Short-term trade accounts receivable (Note Thien Long Global Trading and Service One Member Company Limited South Thien Long Manufacturing Trading Company Limited Thien Long Long Thanh Manufacturing and Trading Company Limited Tan Luc South Trading and Service One Member Company Limited Tan Luc Middle Trading and Service One Member Company Limited	VND 6,435,111,752 2,105,085,515	VND 136,914,314,304 63,503,310,229 9,996,062,389
(b)		Short-term trade accounts receivable (Note Thien Long Global Trading and Service One Member Company Limited South Thien Long Manufacturing Trading Company Limited Thien Long Long Thanh Manufacturing and Trading Company Limited Tan Luc South Trading and Service One Member Company Limited Tan Luc Middle Trading and Service One	VND 6,435,111,752 2,105,085,515	VND 136,914,314,304 63,503,310,229 9,996,062,389 1,654,576,385

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33 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

(b) Balances with related parties (continued)

		Closing balance VND	Opening balance VND
ii)	Short-term trade accounts payable (Note 12	<u>)</u>	
	Thien Long Long Thanh Manufacturing and Trading Company Limited Thien Long Global Trading and Service	19,695,338,380	5,374,663,279
	One Member Company Limited	1,694,633,278	515,878,440
	South Thien Long Manufacturing Trading Company Limited	72,886,354,996	-
	Tan Luc South Trading and Service One Member Company Limited Tan Luc North Trading and Service One	-	303,744,612
	Member Company Limited	-	21,397,000
		94,276,326,654	6,215,683,331
iii)	Other short-term payables (Note 15) Thien Long Global Trading and Service One Member Company Limited Tan Luc South Trading and Service One	28,182,859	-
	Member Company Limited Tan Luc North Trading and Service One	•	21,991,368
	Member Company Limited		3,492,300
		28,182,859	25,483,668
iv)	Dividend payables		
	Thien Long An Thinh Investment Corporation	-	18,675,476,000

34 COMMITMENT UNDER OPERATING LEASES

The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases were as follows:

	Closing balance VND	Opening balance VND
Within one year Between one and five years	8,847,932,007 28,114,799,964	9,594,576,164 32,538,765,968
Total	36,962,731,971	42,133,342,132

EVENTS AFTER THE INTERIM SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET DATE 35

(a) Merger plan of subsidiaries

Pursuant to the Resolution No. 4/2022/NQ-HDQT dated 30 May 2022 of the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors approved the plan to merge its subsidiaries which are 100% charter capital owned by the Company, specifically, merging Tan Luc North Trading and Service One Member Company Limited and Tan Luc Middle Trading and Service One Member Company Limited into Thien Long Global Trading and Service One Member Company Limited.

Accordingly, from 1 July 2022 these subsidiaries have carried out the necessary procedures for the merger. On 5 July 2022, the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City issued the 11th amended of Enterprise Registration Certificate to Thien Long Global Trading and Service One Member Company Limited with the charter capital of VND180,000,000,000.

Capital contribution commitment to South Thien Long Manufacturing Trading (b) Company Limited

Pursuant to the Resolution No. 5/2022/NQ-HDQT dated 19 August 2022 of the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors approved to contribute additional amount of VND50,000,000,000 to South Thien Long Manufacturing Trading Company Limited for the purpose of financing capital requirements to expand manufacturing projects and develop new products. Accordingly, the total value of capital contribution is VND650,000,000,000.

In addition, there are no other significant events occurs after the interim separate balance sheet date that require to be adjusted or disclosed in the interim separate financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2022.

The interim separate financial statements were approved by the chief executive Officer on 26

August 2022.

Dao Xuan Nam

Preparer

Nguyen Ngoc Nhon Chief Accountant

Tran Phuong Nga Chief Executive Officer

CÔNG TY CÔ PHÂN TẬP ĐOÀN